How much are Alaska and the U.S. projected to grow?

10:30 to 11:15 a.m.

- David Howell, State Demographer, Alaska DOLWD
- Anne Morse, Survey Statistician, U.S. Census Bureau
- Moderator: Liz Brooks, Research Analyst, Alaska DOLWD

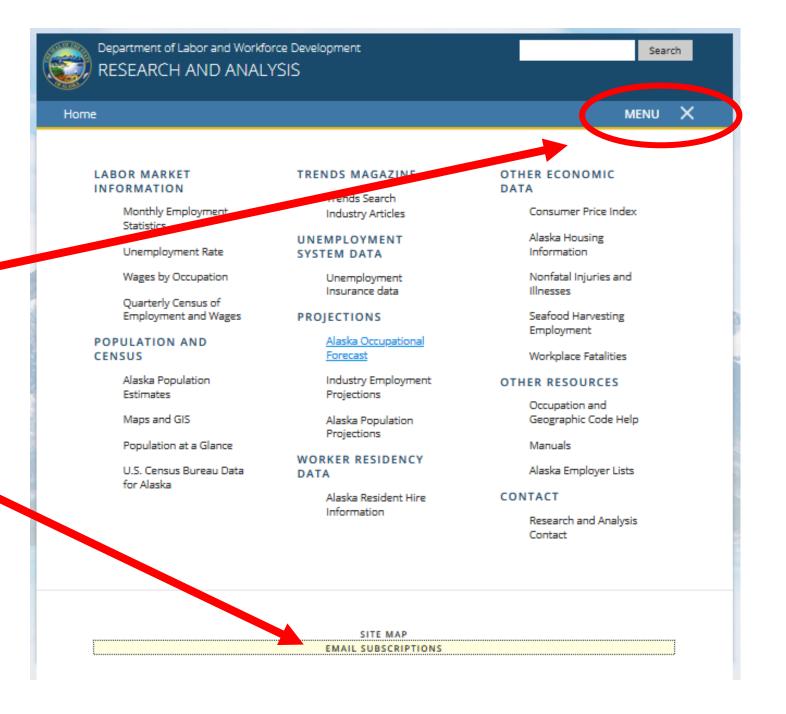
Type questions into chat or raise your hand to voice your question.

Sign up to our listserv

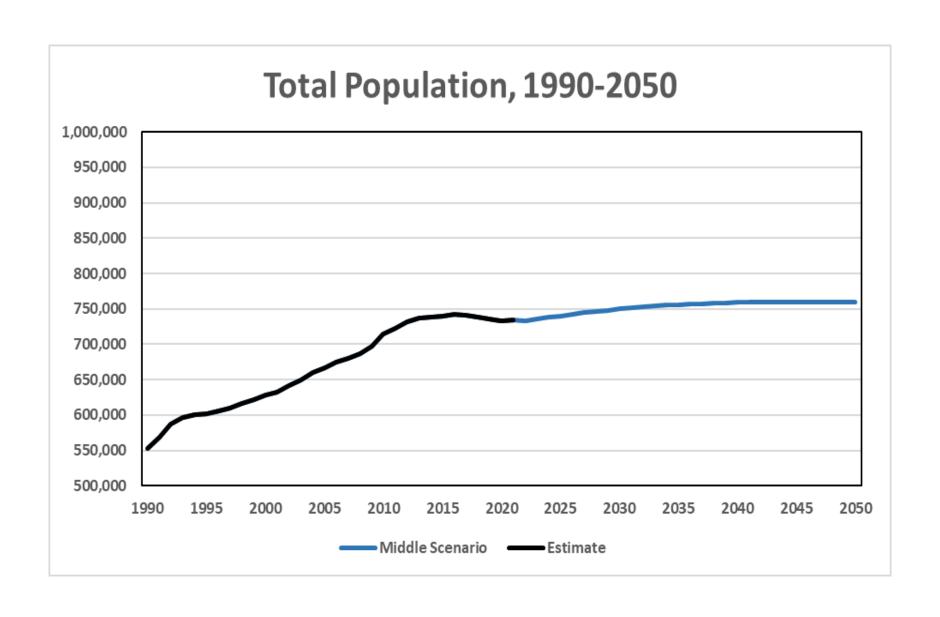
Go to laborstats.alaska.gov

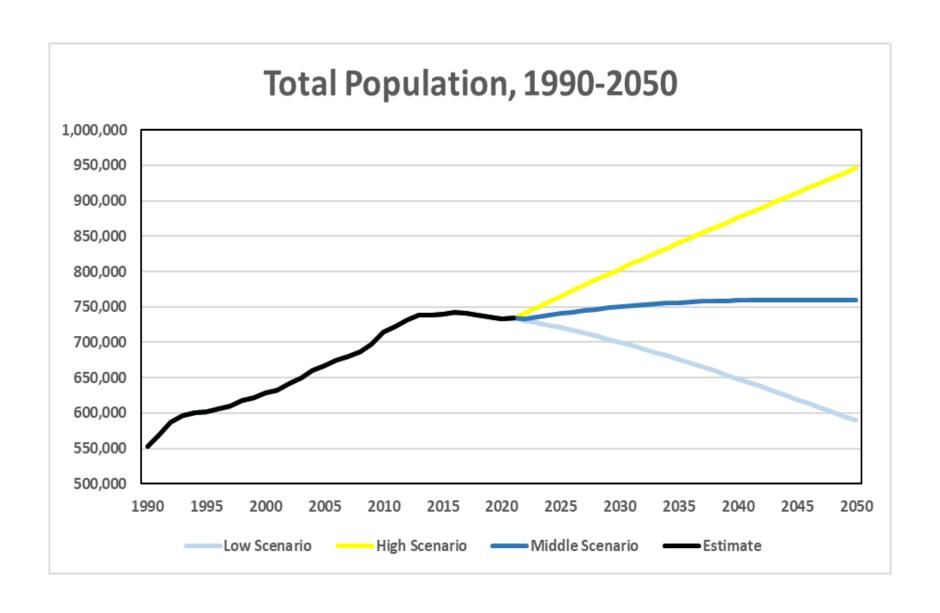
Open MENU then

EMAIL SUBSCRIPTIONS at bottom

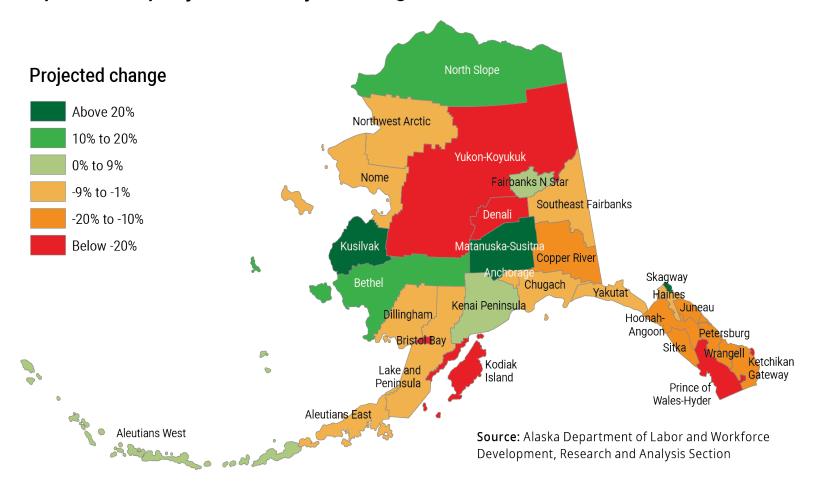


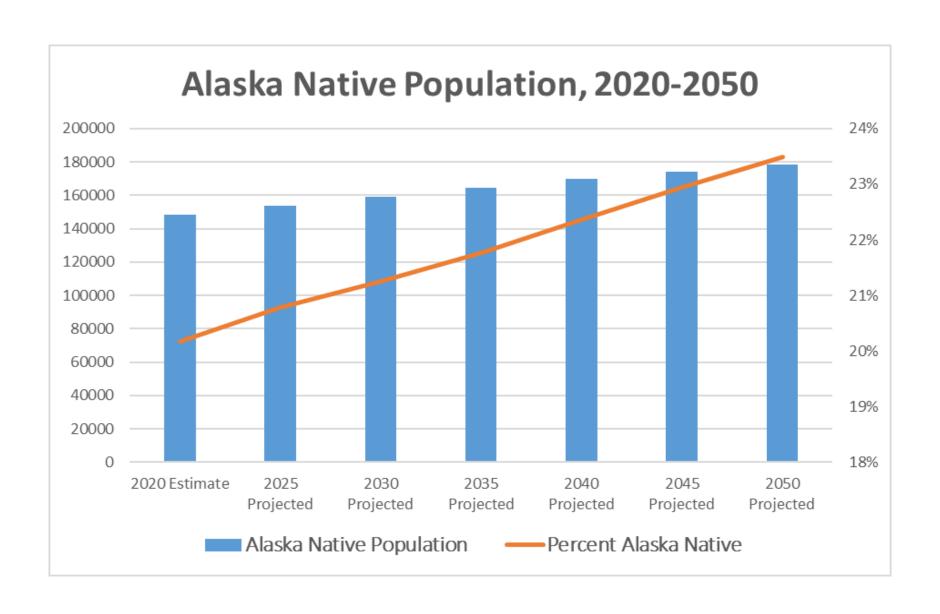
How much is Alaska projected to grow?



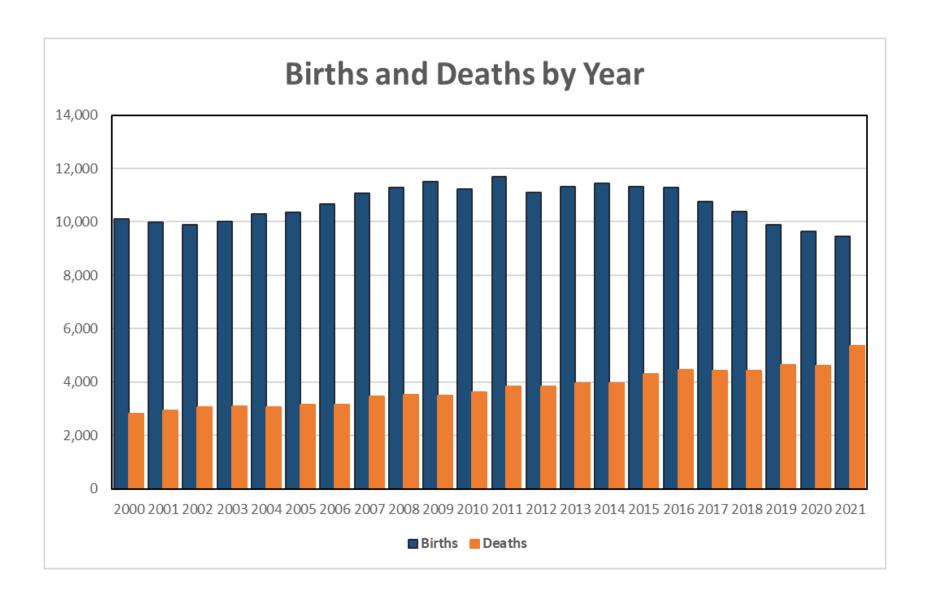


Population projections by borough or census area, 2021 to 2050

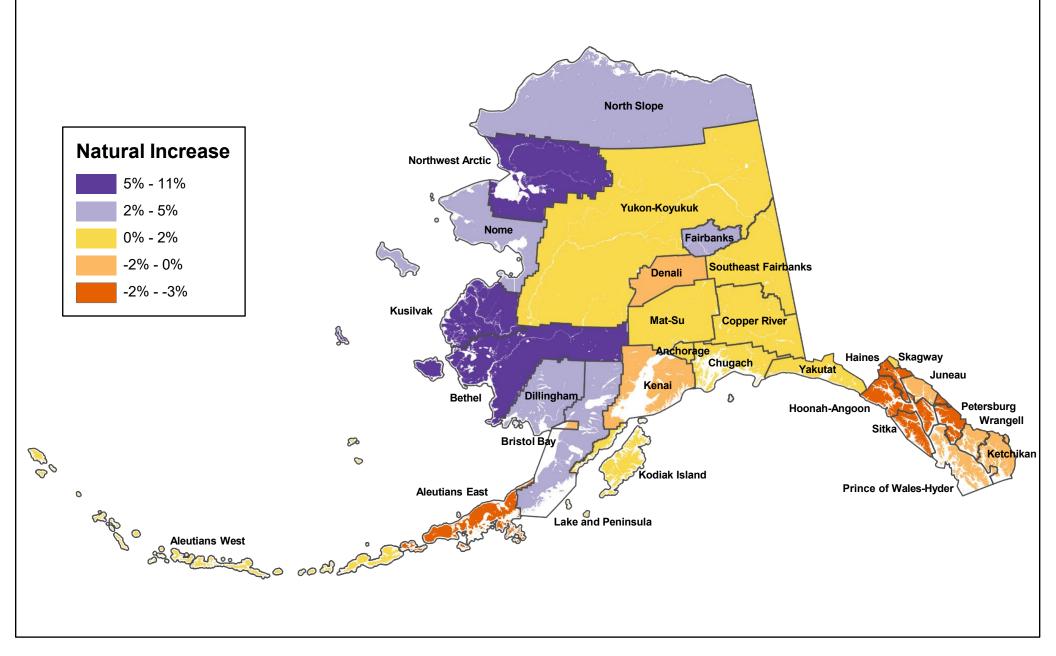




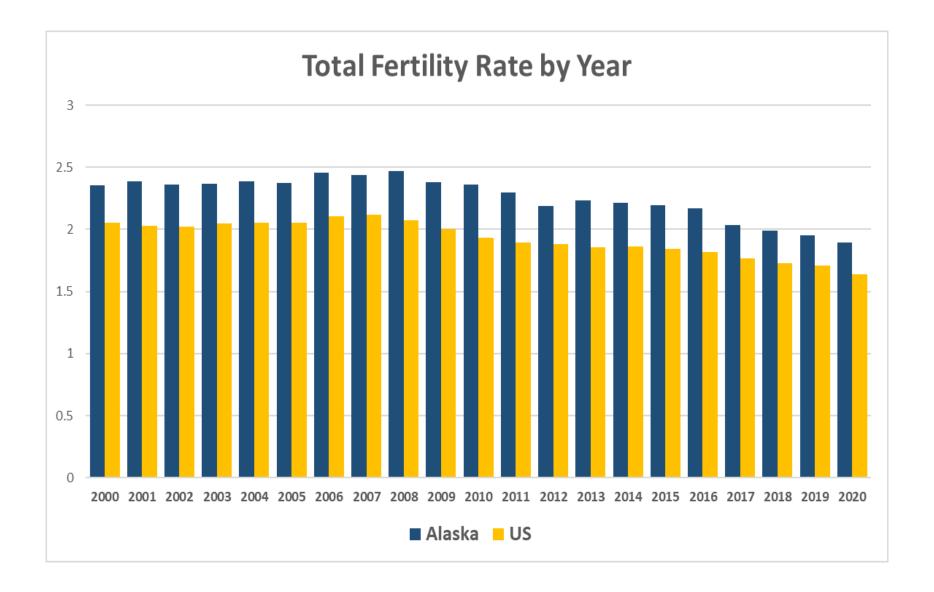
What are the drivers of growth?

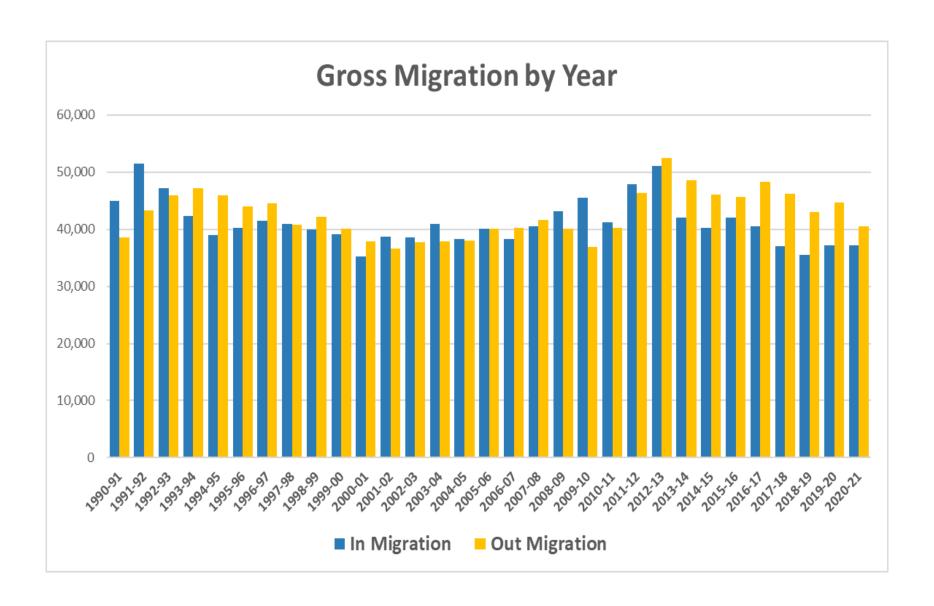


Rate of Natural Increase by Borough and Census Area

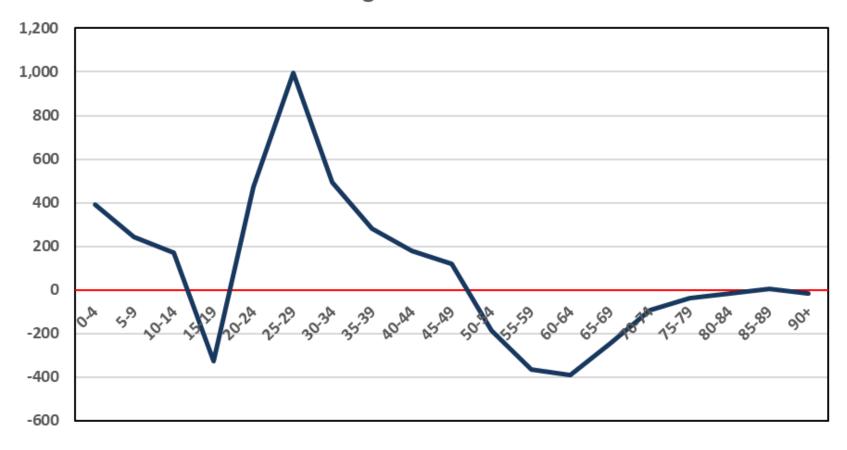


How have growth trends changed?

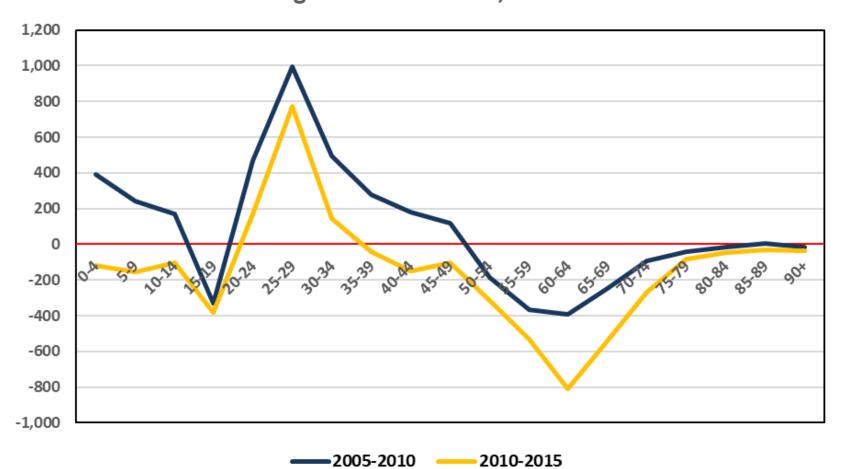




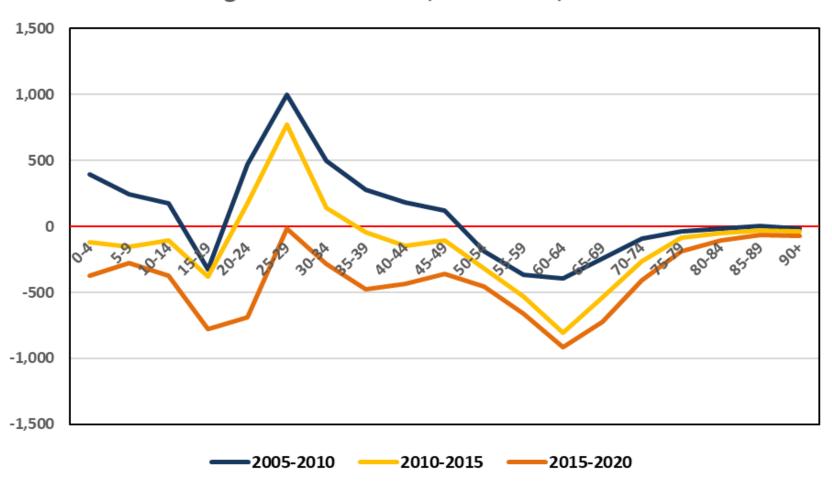
Net Migration 2005-2010



Net Migration 2005-2010, 2010-2015



Net Migration 2005-2010, 2010-2015, 2015-2020



A Changing Nation

Population Projections Under Alternative Immigration Scenarios

Anne Morse [Huércanos], Ph.D.

Population Evaluation, Analysis, and Projections Branch

Population Division

October 11, 2022

This presentation is released to inform interested parties of ongoing research and to encourage discussion of work in progress. Any opinions and conclusions expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the views of the U.S. Census Bureau.



What are projections?

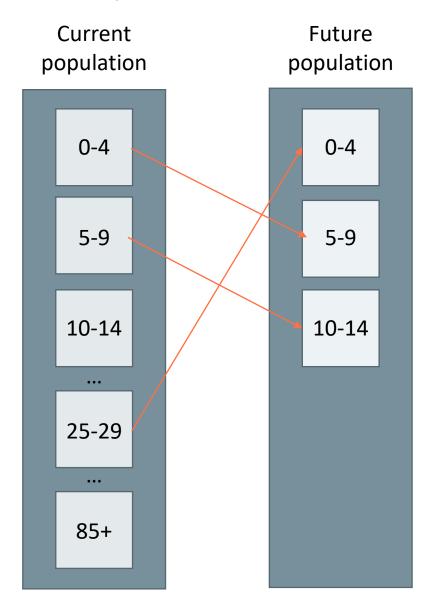
- Estimates of the population for future dates
- Components of population change
 - Migration
 - Fertility
 - Mortality





What are projections? (cont.)

 Projections answer the question: "If we apply these assumptions about fertility, mortality, and migration to the population, what would the future population look like?"



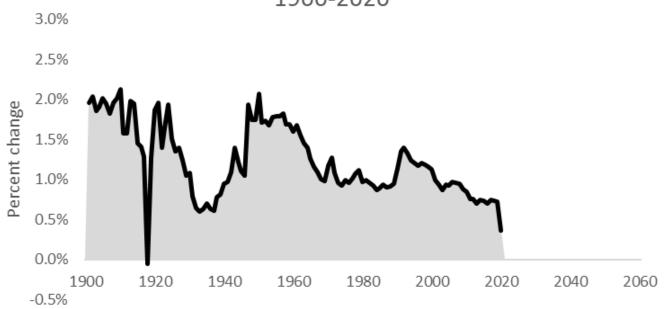
2017 National Projections

- Projections of U.S. population (2017-2060) by:
 - Age
 - Sex
 - Race
 - Hispanic origin
 - Nativity
- Three alternative immigration scenarios
 - High
 - Low
 - Zero



Big picture: population



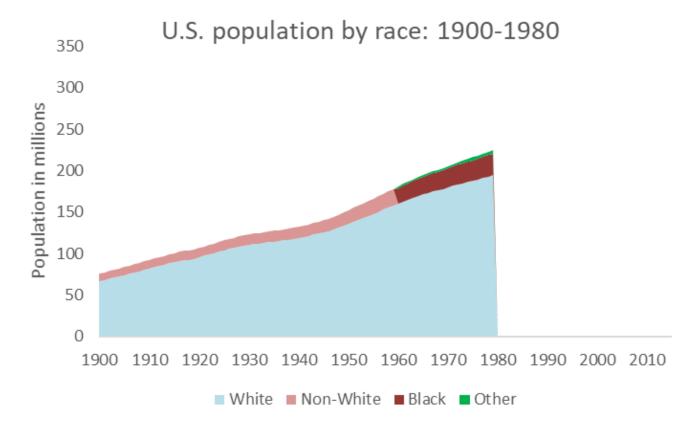


- US population still increasing
- Increase is lower than previously

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2020 Decennial Census, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020)



Population by race



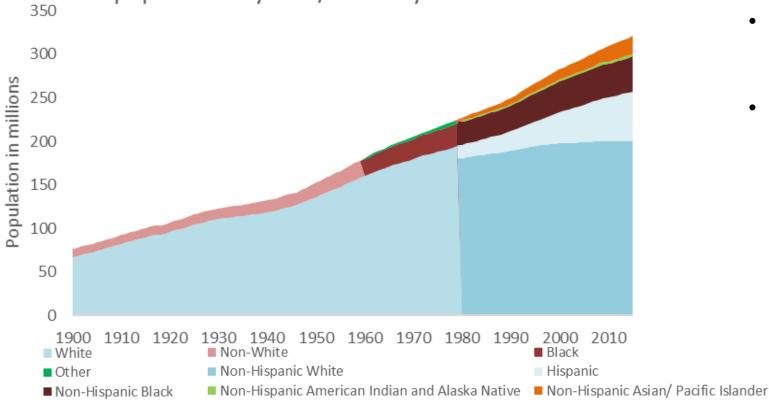
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-1980)

- Race categories have changed over time
- All race groups have grown in size
- The White group grew at a slightly lower rate



Population by race/ethnicity

U.S. population by race/ethnicity: 1900-2015



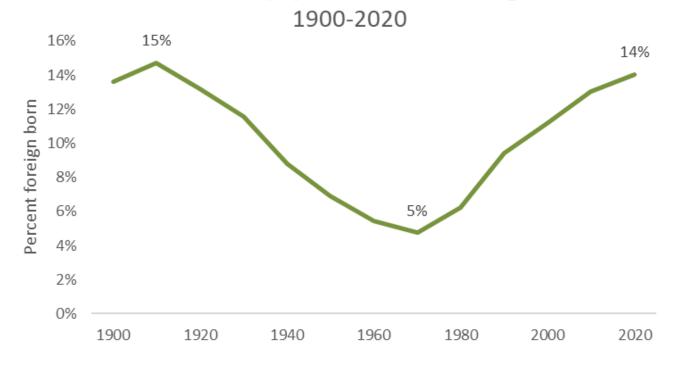
- Race/ethnicity categories have changed over time
- Changes in data can come from changes in the population or from changes in methods/measurement

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Population Estimates (1900-2010)



Components of change: migration

Percent of U.S. population that is foreign born:

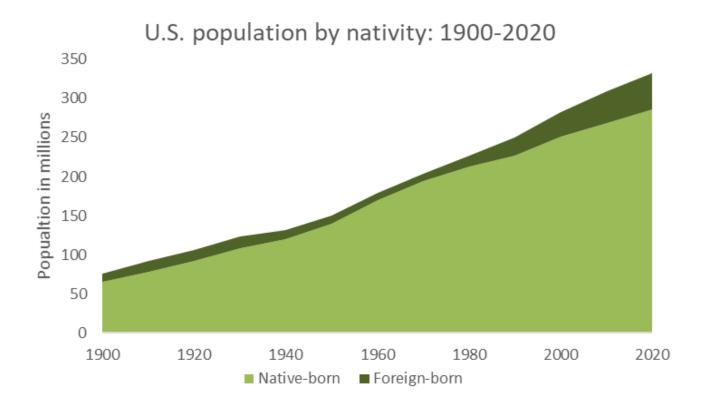


- Levels of migration change over time
- Migration is relatively high, but not at an unprecedented level

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Working Paper POP-WP029



Components of change: migration (cont.)



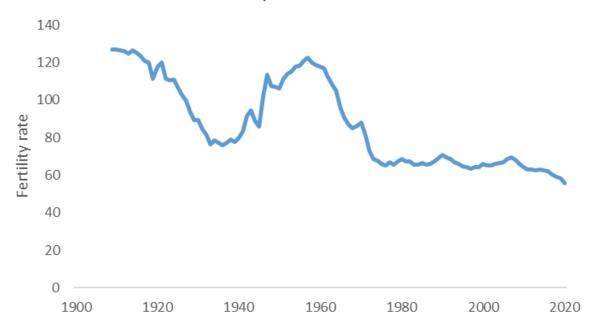
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Working Paper POP-WP029

- Levels of migration change over time
- Migration is relatively high, but not at an unprecedented level
- The number and share of the population who are foreign born is increasing



Components of change: fertility





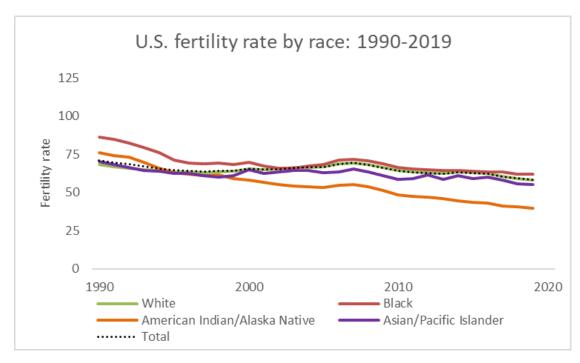
- Fertility decline in the U.S. began in the late 19th century
- There was a baby boom in the 1946-1964
- In the last 50 years, fertility rates have been comparatively stable, but decreasing slowly

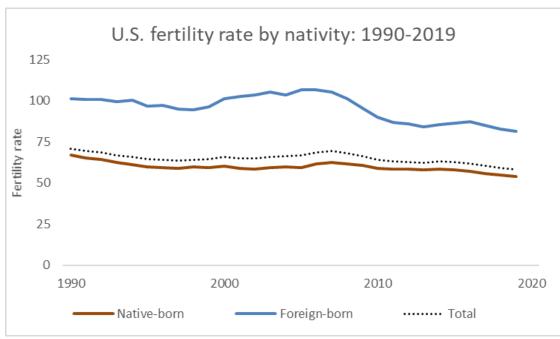
Note: Fertility rate is births per 1,000 women ages 15-44.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics



Components of change: fertility (cont.)

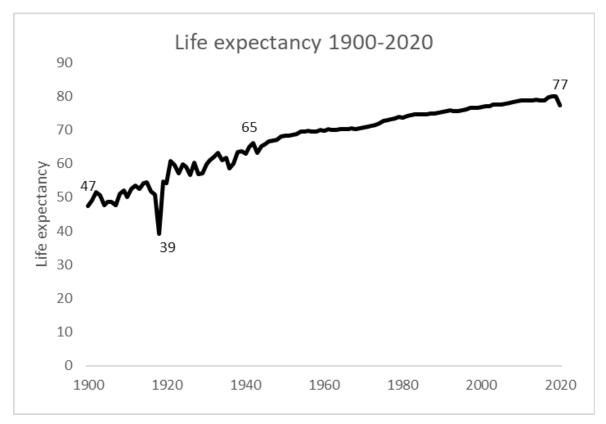




Note: Fertility rate is births per 1,000 women ages 15-44. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Projections Program



Components of change: mortality



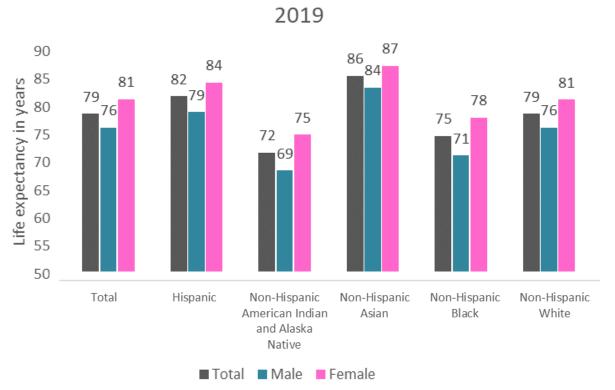
- Life expectancy generally is increasing
- It declined in 2020

Source: National Center for Health Statistics



Components of change: mortality (cont.)



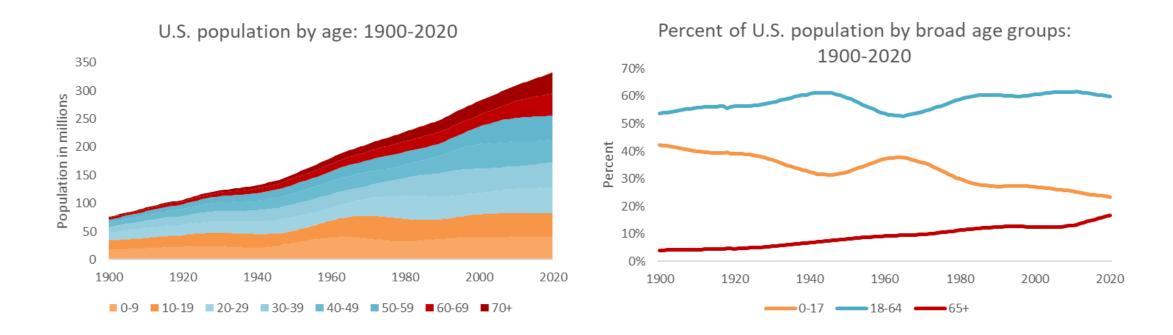


- Life expectancy differs meaningfully by ethnicity, race, and sex
- Non-Hispanic American Indian and Alaska Native males have the lowest life expectancy, on average
- Non-Hispanic Asian females have the highest life expectancy, on average

Source: National Center for Health Statistics



Age

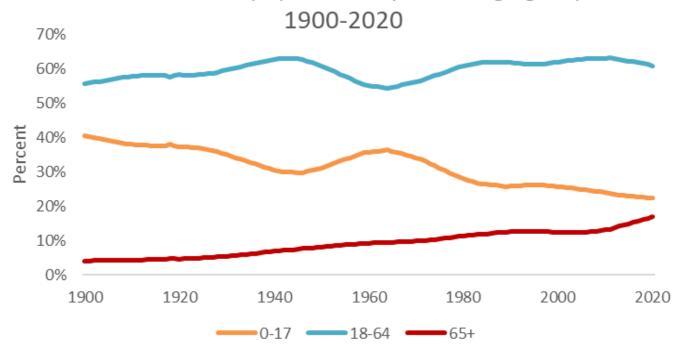


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020)



Age (cont.)

Percent of U.S. population by broad age groups:



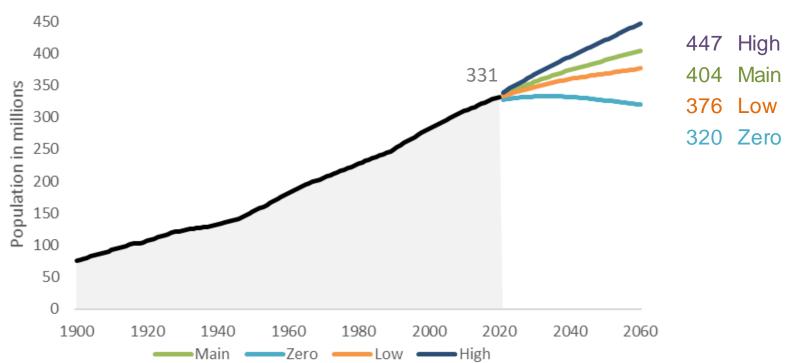
Age	1900	2020
0-17	40%	22%
18-64	56%	61%
65+	4%	17%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020)



Projections: total population



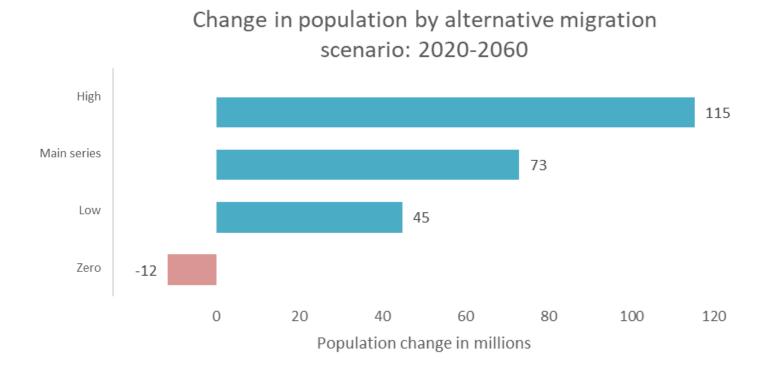


 The U.S. population will likely continue to grow

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020), 2017 National Population Projections (2020-2060)



Projections: total population (cont.)

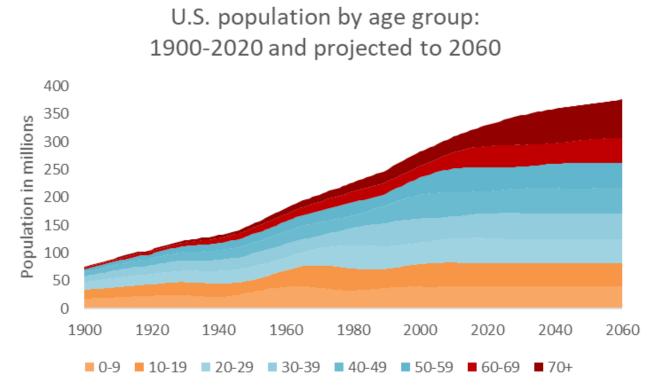


- The U.S. population will likely continue to grow
- Immigration levels are likely to be the determining factor in whether the U.S. population grows or declines

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 National Population Projections



Projections: age



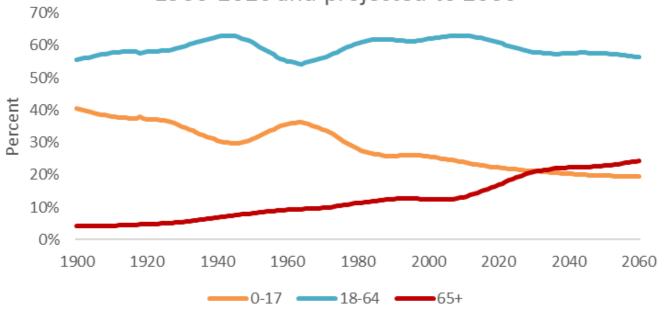
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020), 2017 National Population Projections (2020-2060)

U.S. Department of Commerce **Economics and Statistics Administration** U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov

- The population is projected to continue to grow
- Growth is expected to be concentrated among the older age groups

Projections: age (cont.)

Percent of U.S. population by broad age groups: 1900-2020 and projected to 2060



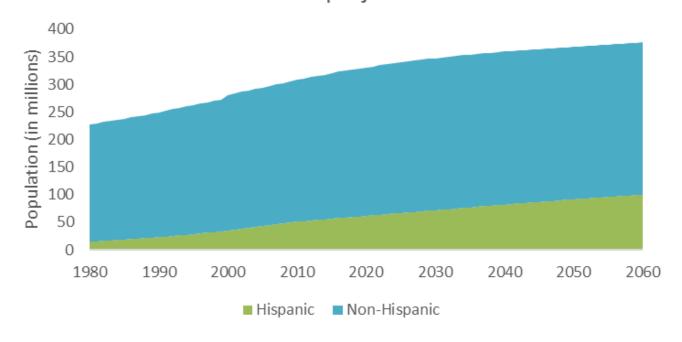
Age	1900	2020	2060
0-17	40%	22%	19%
18-64	56%	61%	56%
65+	4%	17%	24%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020), 2017 National Population Projections (2020-2060)



Projections: Hispanic origin

U.S. population by ethnicity: 1980-2020 and projected to 2060



Percent Hispanic

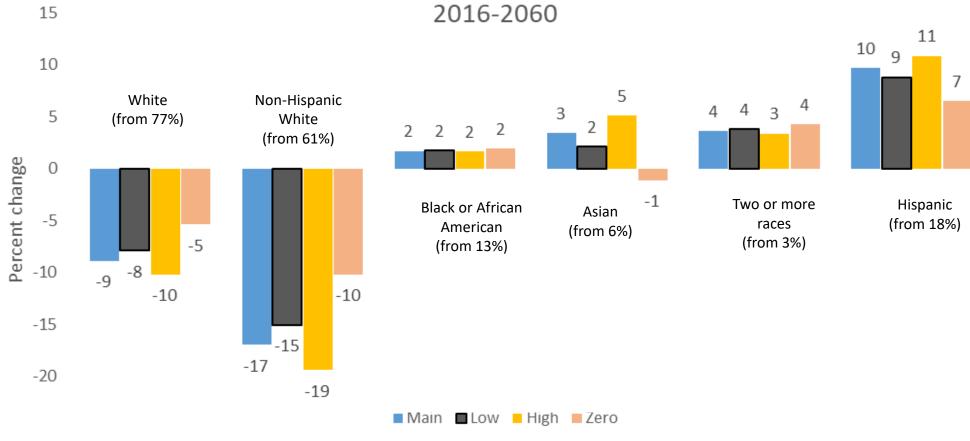
19807%202019%206027%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Intercensal Estimates (1980-2009), Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020), 2017 National Population Projections (2020-2060)



Projections: race and Hispanic origin

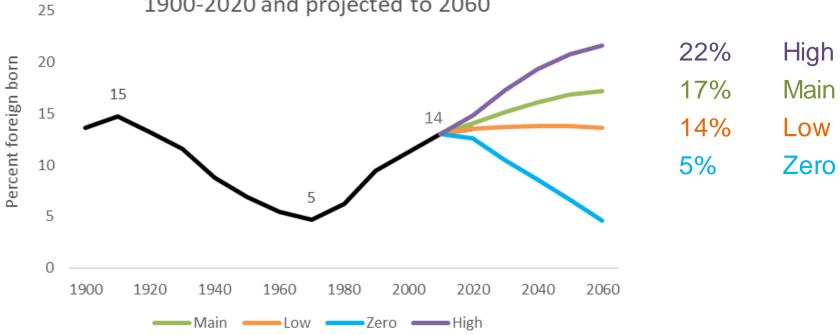
Percent change in race/Hispanic origin group by immigration scenario:





Projections: nativity

Percent of U.S. population that is foreign born: 1900-2020 and projected to 2060



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Working Paper POP-WP029; Intercensal Estimates (1900-2009); Vintage 2020 Estimates (2010-2020); 2017 National Population Projections (2020-2060)



Future directions

- New projections are underway
- Projections of US population (2023-2060) by:
 - Age
 - Sex
 - Race
 - Hispanic origin
 - Nativity
- Projection of US population (2023-2100)
- Set to come out in summer 2023



Summary

The U.S. population is growing and expected to keep growing

- The U.S. population is aging
 - The number of people over age 65 is expected to outnumber the population under age 18 by 2060

The U.S. population is becoming more racially and ethnically diverse

Thank you!

Anne Morse [Huércanos]

Anne.morse@census.gov

U.S. Census Bureau Population Projections Website:

https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/popproj.html