Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Alaska, 2019

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Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases w t	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁵		3.6	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.8
Private industry ⁵		3.5	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.7
Goods-producing ⁵		4.0	2.4	1.8	0.6	1.6
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		1.5	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵		11.8	8.9	7.8		2.9
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	1.5	0.8		0.5	0.6
Construction		3.5	1.8	1.4	0.4	1.6
Construction		3.5	1.8	1.4	0.4	1.6
Construction of buildings	236	3.6	2.3	1.9	0.4	1.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.5	0.9	0.7		0.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	4.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	2.6
Manufacturing		7.2	4.7	3.6	1.1	2.5
Manufacturing		7.2	4.7	3.6	1.1	2.5
Food manufacturing	311	8.2	5.5	4.2	1.3	2.7
Service providing		3.4	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.8
Trade transportation and utilities		4.1	2.6	1.8	0.8	1.5
Wholesale trade		4.1	2.6	1.7	0.9	1.5
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	423 424	3.4 4.9	0.8 4.2	0.6 2.7		2.6 0.7

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Retail trade		3.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.5	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.2	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.6	
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.4	2.9	2.1	0.8		
Food and beverage stores	445	2.8	1.3	1.0		1.5	
Gasoline stations	447	2.3					
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	3.0	1.9	1.1	1.8	
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	2.5	1.7	1.0		0.8	
Nonstore retailers	454	4.1	3.3		1.9		
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		4.8	3.3	2.4	0.9	1.5	
Air transportation	481	5.7	3.3	2.5	0.8	2.4	
Water transportation	483	5.3	3.1	2.4		2.2	
Truck transportation	484	6.7	5.8	3.8	2.0		
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	3.5	1.0	5.0		2.4	
Support activities for transportation	488	3.8	3.2	3.2			
Warehousing and storage	493	5.0	J.2 	5.2			
warchousing and storage	193						
Utilities		4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5	
Utilities	221	4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5	
Information		2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	
Information		2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0	
Telecommunications	517	2.1	1.3	1.2		0.8	
Financial activities		1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.9	
Finance and insurance		0.7				0.6	
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.9				0.7	
Real estate and rental and leasing		3.0	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.4	
Real estate	531	3.4	1.9	1.4		1.5	
Professional and business services		1.5	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.9	
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	1.1	
Management of companies and enterprises							
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Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.8	1.2	0.9	0.2	0.6
Administrative and support services	561	1.8	1.2	1.0	0.2	0.6
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.5	1.0			
Educational and health services		4.5	1.1	0.9	0.2	3.4
Educational services		4.3	1.1			3.2
Health care and social assistance		4.5	1.1	0.9	0.2	3.4
Ambulatory health care services	621	4.0	0.5	0.5		3.5
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	6.3 3.8	1.6 1.6	1.3 1.2	0.3	4.6 2.2
Leisure and hospitality		3.1	1.5	1.2	0.3	1.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		4.1	1.9	1.7		2.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	4.1	1.9	1.6		2.2
Accommodation and food services		3.0	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.6
Accommodation	721	3.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.0
Food services and drinking places	722	2.8	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.4
Other services (except public administration)		2.8	1.9	1.3		0.9
State and local government⁵		4.1	1.9	1.5	0.5	2.2
State government ⁵		3.5	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.6
Goods-producing ⁵						
Service providing		3.5	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.6
Trade transportation and utilities		5.0	4.6	3.5		
Public administration		4.5	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.1
Public administration		4.5	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities	921 922	 4.5	 2.4	 2.1	 	 2.1
Local government ⁵		4.6	1.9	1.7	0.3	2.7

Service providing		4.6	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.7
Trade transportation and utilities						
Utilities		4.6	2.4	2.0		2.3
Utilities	221	4.6	2.4	2.0		2.3
Educational and health services		4.6	1.5	1.3	0.1	3.1
Educational services		4.7	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.1
Educational services	611	4.7	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.1
Health care and social assistance		3.8				3.0
Public administration		4.8	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.9
Public administration		4.8	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.9

Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and/or illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 200,000 where,

N = number of injuries and/or illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Alaska, 2019

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases		ith days away from v ransfer, or restriction Cases with		Other recordable cases
			Total	days away from work ³	with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁴		9.0	4.5	3.3	1.1	4.5
Private industry ⁴		7.2	3.6	2.7	0.9	3.6
Goods-producing ⁴		1.8	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.7
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶	212	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(8)
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	236 237 238	0.2 0.1 0.3	0.1 (⁸) 0.1	0.1 (⁸) 0.1		0.1 (⁸) 0.2
Manufacturing		1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4
Manufacturing		1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4
Food manufacturing	311	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3
Service providing		5.4	2.5	1.9	0.7	2.9
Trade transportation and utilities		2.1	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.8
Wholesale trade		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	423 424	0.1 0.2	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸)	0.1 (⁸)

Retail trade		1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4
		2.0	0.0	3. .	5.2	• • •
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(8)	0.1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)
Food and beverage stores	445	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1
Gasoline stations	447	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
General merchandise stores	452	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Nonstore retailers	454	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		0.8	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2
Air transportation	481	0.3	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.1
Water transportation	483	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(8)
Truck transportation	484	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	0.1	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Support activities for transportation	488	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(8)
Warehousing and storage	493	(⁸)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)
		()	()	()	()	
Utilities		0.1	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Utilities	221	0.1	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Information		0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Information		0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Telecommunications	517	0.1	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(8)
Financial activities		0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Finance and insurance		(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(8)
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(8)
Real estate and rental and leasing		0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	0.1
Real estate	531	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	(8)	(8)
Professional and business services		0.4	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.2	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1
Management of companies and enterprises		(⁸)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)

Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Administrative and support services	561	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Waste management and remediation services	562	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Educational and health services		1.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	1.3
Educational services		0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Health care and social assistance		1.6	0.4	0.3	0.1	1.2
Ambulatory health care services	621	0.7	0.1	0.1	()	0.6
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	0.6 0.1	0.2 0.1	0.1 (⁸)	(⁸)	0.4 0.1
Leisure and hospitality		0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		0.1	0.1	(⁸)	(8)	0.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	0.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	(8)	(⁸)
Accommodation and food services		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Accommodation	721	0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Food services and drinking places	722	0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.2
Other services (except public administration)		0.2	0.1	0.1		0.1
State and local government ⁴		1.8	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.9
State government ⁴		0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
Goods-producing ⁴		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Service providing		0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
Trade transportation and utilities		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Public administration		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Public administration		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities	921 922	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸)	
Local government ⁴		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6

Service providing		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6
Trade transportation and utilities						
Utilities		0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Utilities	221	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Educational and health services		0.7	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.5
Educational services		0.6	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.4
Educational services	611	0.6	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.4
Health care and social assistance		(8)	(⁸)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Public administration		0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.1
Public administration		0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.

Table 3. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and employment size, Alaska, 2019

Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)				
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more
All industries including state and local government ³	3.6	2.3	3.3	4.1	4.0	4.0
Private industry ³	3.5	2.4	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.3
Goods producing	4.0	5.3	4.5	4.6	3.3	
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	1.5		5.9	0.7	1.2	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	11.8		12.2			
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	0.8				1.2	
Construction	3.5	5.3	3.9	1.8		
Manufacturing	7.2		5.1	9.5	5.9	
Service providing	3.4	1.7	3.0	3.7	4.4	5.4
Trade transportation and utilities	4.1	2.1	3.7	4.9	4.2	
Wholesale trade	4.1		3.2	4.5		
Retail trade	3.7		3.3	4.6	4.7	
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	4.8	2.7	4.9	5.2	2.9	
Utilities	4.7		3.6	6.1		
Information	2.0			4.3		
Financial activities	1.6		1.9	2.9		
Finance and insurance	0.7					
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.0		2.8	5.2		
Professional and business services	1.5		1.6	1.5	2.0	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1.5		1.0	1.9		
Management of companies and enterprises						
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	1.8			1.4	1.9	
Educational and health services	4.5		3.8	3.4	5.8	6.4
Educational services	4.3					
Health care and social assistance	4.5		3.4	3.5	5.8	6.4
Leisure and hospitality	3.1		2.7	3.7	3.6	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	4.1		5.3	4.5		
Accommodation and food services	3.0		2.3	3.6	3.4	
Other services (except public administration)	2.8		4.0	4.2		
State and local government ³	4.1		4.5	5.3	4.2	3.7
State government ³	3.5			4.5	4.7	1.5
Local government ³	4.6		3.9	5.8	3.1	4.9

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¹ Incidence rates repre	sent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers a	and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 wh	ere
N	= number of injuries and illnesses		
EH	= total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year		
200,000	= base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours pe	er week, 50 weeks per year).	
	the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For mo pub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.	ore information on the version of NAICS used in	n this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page:
³ Excludes farms with f	ewer than 11 employees.		
those in oil and gas ext Department of Labor. I	or 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include raction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in ondependent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, a its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefor	coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided and nonmetal mining industries. These data do	to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health
⁵ Data for employers in	railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad	d Administration, U.S. Department of Transport	tation.
⁶ Data too small to be o	displayed.		
NOTE: Because of rour	ding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do no	ot meet publication guidelines.	
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau	of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupation	al Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with pa	rticipating state agencies, April 08, 2021

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, Alaska, 2019

			1
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (in thousands)
All industries including state and local government ⁴		3.4	8.6
Private industry ⁴		3.3	6.9
Goods-producing ⁴		3.7	1.7
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		1.3	0.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		11.0	0.1
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		0.7	0.1
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶	212	1.4	(8)
Construction		3.4	0.6
Construction		3.4	0.6
Construction of buildings	236	3.6	0.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.5	
Specialty trade contractors	238	4.7	0.3
Manufacturing		6.5	0.9
Manufacturing		6.5	0.9
Food manufacturing	311	7.3	0.8
Service providing		3.3	5.2
Trade transportation and utilities		4.0	2.1
Wholesale trade		4.0	0.2
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	423 424	3.4 4.8	

Retail trade		3.6	1.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.1	0.1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.3	0.1
Food and beverage stores	445	2.6	0.1
Gasoline stations	447	2.3	(⁸)
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	0.4
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	2.5	(⁸)
Nonstore retailers	454	4.1	(8)
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		4.6	0.8
Air transportation	481	5.5	0.3
Water transportation	483	5.0	0.1
Truck transportation	484	6.7	0.2
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	3.5	0.1
Support activities for transportation	488	3.8	
Warehousing and storage	493		(8)
Utilities		4.2	0.1
Utilities	221	4.2	0.1
Information		1.9	0.1
Information		1.9	0.1
Telecommunications	517	1.8	0.1
Financial activities		1.5	0.2
Finance and insurance		0.7	(8)
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.8	(8)
Real estate and rental and leasing		2.9	0.1
Real estate	531	3.3	0.1
Professional and business services		1.5	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.5	0.2
Management of companies and enterprises			(8)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.7	0.2

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Administrative and support services	561	1.7	0.1
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.5	(8)
Educational and health services		4.3	1.6
Educational services		3.6	0.1
Health care and social assistance		4.3	1.6
Ambulatory health care services	621	3.7	0.6
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	6.1 3.8	0.6 0.1
Training and residential care racinaes	023	3.0	0.1
Leisure and hospitality		3.1	0.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		4.0	0.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	4.1	0.1
Accommodation and food services		3.0	0.6
Accommodation	721	3.6	0.2
Food services and drinking places	722	2.7	0.4
Other services (except public administration)		2.7	0.2
State and local government ⁴		3.9	1.7
State government ⁴		3.2	0.6
Goods-producing ⁴			(8)
Service providing		3.2	0.6
Trade transportation and utilities		4.8	(8)
Public administration		4.1	0.5
Public administration		4.1	0.5
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921		(⁸)
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	3.8	0.1
Local government ⁴		4.4	1.0
Service providing		4.4	1.0
I	1	1	

Trade transportation and utilities			-
Utilities		3.9	(⁸)
Utilities	221	3.9	(⁸)
Educational and health services		4.5	0.7
Educational services		4.6	0.6
Educational services	611	4.6	0.6
Health care and social assistance		3.0	(8)
Public administration		4.4	0.3
Public administration		4.4	0.3

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Table 5. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry sector and category of illness, Alaska, 2019

Industry sector ²	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses	Total cases
		Incide	ence rates per 10	,000 full-time wo	rkers ¹		
All industries including state and local government ³	17.7	3.0	3.2		2.2	9.0	0.4
Private industry ³	16.6	3.1	3.2		2.2	7.7	0.3
Goods producing	31.6	5.1	5.5		7.9	13.0	0.1
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	22.3				15.7		(⁶)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³							(⁶)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	18.7				16.7		(⁶)
Construction							(⁶)
Manufacturing	76.2	16.1	13.4			37.4	0.1
Service providing	12.3	2.6	2.6			6.2	0.2
Trade transportation and utilities	12.1		3.1			4.7	0.1
Wholesale trade							(⁶)
Retail trade	8.8						(⁶)
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	14.2						(f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f)
Utilities							(⁶)
Information							(⁶)
Financial activities							(⁶)
Finance and insurance							(⁶)
Real estate and rental and leasing							(⁶)
Professional and business services							(⁶)
Professional, scientific, and technical services							(⁶)
Management of companies and enterprises							(⁶)
Administrative and support and							(⁶)
waste management and remediation services							
Educational and health services	23.1	5.3	4.1			12.6	0.1
Educational services							
Health care and social assistance	21.3		4.3			13.1	0.1
Leisure and hospitality	7.1						(⁶)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation							
Accommodation and food services							(⁶)
Other services (except public administration)							(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)
State and local government ³	23.0					15.2	0.1
State government ³	24.2					20.1	(⁶)
Local government ³	22.0					11.3	0.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where:

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

²Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industrials.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Data too small to be displayed.

Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Nı	umbers of illnesse	es in thousands		
0.1	0.1	(⁶)	0.1	0.2
0.1	0.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.2
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1
(⁶)	(⁶)	() () () () () () () () () () () () () ((⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶)		(⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	
(⁶)	(၅) (၅) (၅) (၅) (၅)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)		(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6)	(⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	(b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)
	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)
(⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)
(°)	(°)	(°)	(⁶)	(°)
(⁶)	(°)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(°)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
(°)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
.6.	.6.	.6.	.6.	-6-
(⁶)	(⁶)	(°)	(⁶)	(⁶)
	(°)	(°)	(⁶)	(°)
(°)	(⁶)	(°)	(⁶)	(°)
(°)		(°)	(°)	(°)
(⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	(⁶)	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶)
(°)		(°)	(°)	(°)
(°)	(⁶)	(°)	(°)	(°)
(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	0.1
		(°)		(⁶)
(⁶)	(⁶)	(°)	(⁶)	(⁶)

vww.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.
those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining
netal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the
ries.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Alaska, 2019

	I					
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	ordable			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	cases
All industries including state and local government ⁵		3.6	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.8
Private industry ⁵		3.5	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.7
Goods-producing ⁵		4.0	2.4	1.8	0.6	1.6
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		1.5	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵		11.8	8.9	7.8		2.9
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷ Metal ore mining ⁷	212 2122	1.5 1.3			0.5	0.6 0.5
Gold ore and silver ore mining ⁷	21222	1.3				
Construction		3.5	1.8	1.4	0.4	1.6
Construction		3.5	1.8	1.4	0.4	1.6
Construction of buildings	236	3.6		1.9	0.4	1.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.5		0.7		0.6
Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors	2373 238	2.3 4.7	1.3 2.2	1.1 1.5		0.9 2.6
Building equipment contractors	2382	5.4		0.7	1.3	3.4
Manufacturing		7.2	4.7	3.6	1.1	2.5
Manufacturing		7.2	4.7	3.6	1.1	2.5
Food manufacturing	311	8.2	5.5	4.2	1.3	2.7
Service providing		3.4	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.8
Trade transportation and utilities		4.1	2.6	1.8	0.8	1.5

Wholesale trade		4.1	2.6	1.7	0.9	1.5
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	3.4	0.8	0.6		2.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.9	4.2		1.5	0.7
Treferante miolesarets, nonadraste goods		5		217	110	0.7
Retail trade		3.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.2	1.6		0.4	1.6
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.4	2.9		0.8	
Food and beverage stores	445	2.8		1.0		1.5
Gasoline stations	447	2.3				
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	3.0		1.1	1.8
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	2.5				0.8
Nonstore retailers	454	4.1	3.3		1.9	
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		4.8	3.3	2.4	0.9	1.5
Air transportation	481	5.7	3.3	2.5	0.8	2.4
Water transportation	483	5.3	3.1	2.4		2.2
Truck transportation	484	6.7	5.8	3.8	2.0	0.9
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	3.5	1.0			2.4
Support activities for transportation	488	3.8	3.2	3.2		
Warehousing and storage	493					
Utilities		4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5
Utilities	221	4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	5.2	2.6		1.3	2.6
Information		2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Information		2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Telecommunications	517	2.1	1.3	1.2		0.8
Financial activities		1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.9
Finance and insurance		0.7				0.6
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.9				0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing		3.0	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.4
Real estate	531	3.4	1.9	1.4		1.5
Professional and business services		1.5	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	1.1

Management of companies and enterprises						
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.8	1.2	0.9	0.2	0.6
Administrative and support services	561				0.2	0.6
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.5	1.0			
Educational and health services		4.5	1.1	0.9	0.2	3.4
Educational services		4.3	1.1			3.2
Health care and social assistance		4.5	1.1	0.9	0.2	3.4
Ambulatory health care services	621	4.0				3.5
Hospitals	622				0.3	4.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	3.8	1.6	1.2		2.2
Leisure and hospitality		3.1	1.5	1.2	0.3	1.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		4.1	1.9	1.7		2.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	4.1	1.9	1.6		2.2
Accommodation and food services		3.0	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.6
Accommodation	721	3.6	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.0
Food services and drinking places	722		1.4		0.3	1.4
Other services (except public administration)		2.8	1.9	1.3		0.9
State and local government ⁵		4.1	1.9	1.5	0.5	2.2
State government ⁵		3.5	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.6
Goods-producing ⁵						
Service providing		3.5	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.6
Trade transportation and utilities		5.0	4.6	3.5		
Public administration		4.5	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.1
Public administration		4.5	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.1
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921					

Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	4.5	2.4	2.1		2.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	4.5	2.4	2.1		2.1
Correctional institutions	92214	5.4	3.0			2.4
Local government ⁵		4.6	1.9	1.7	0.3	2.7
Service providing		4.6	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.7
Trade transportation and utilities						
Utilities		4.6	2.4	2.0		2.3
Utilities	221	4.6	2.4	2.0		2.3
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	4.9	2.5	2.1		2.4
Educational and health services		4.6	1.5	1.3	0.1	3.1
Educational services		4.7	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.1
Educational services	611	4.7	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.1
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	4.7	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.1
Health care and social assistance		3.8				3.0
Public administration		4.8	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.9
Public administration		4.8	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.9
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¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Alaska, 2019

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	ecordable			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁴		9.0	4.5	3.3	1.1	4.5
Private industry ⁴		7.2	3.6	2.7	0.9	3.6
Goods-producing ⁴		1.8	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.7
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶ Metal ore mining ⁶ Gold ore and silver ore mining ⁶	212 2122 21222	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(8)
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Building equipment contractors	236 237 2373 238 2382	0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.3 0.2	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 0.1	0.1 (⁸) (⁸) 0.1 (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(⁸) (⁸) 0.2
Manufacturing		1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4
Manufacturing		1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.4
Food manufacturing	311	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3
Service providing		5.4	2.5	1.9	0.7	2.9
Trade transportation and utilities		2.1	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.8

Wholesale trade		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	0.2	0.1	0.1	(°)	(⁸)
		-			()	
Retail trade		1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)
Food and beverage stores	445	0.1	0.1	(8)		0.1
Gasoline stations	447	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
General merchandise stores	452	0.4	0.2			0.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Nonstore retailers	454	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		0.8	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2
Air transportation	481	0.3	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.1
Water transportation	483	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Truck transportation	484	0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Support activities for transportation	488	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	
Warehousing and storage	493	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Utilities		0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1
Utilities	221	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	0.1	(⁸)		(8)	(⁸)
Information		0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Information		0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Telecommunications	517	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Financial activities		0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Finance and insurance		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Real estate and rental and leasing		0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1
Real estate	531	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Professional and business services		0.4	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.2	(8)	(8)	(8)	0.1

Management of companies and enterprises		(⁸)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Administrative and support and waste management and		0.2	0.1	0.1		0.1
remediation services						
Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services	561 562	0.1 (⁸)	0.1 (⁸)	0.1 (⁸)	(⁸)	0.1 (⁸)
Educational and health services	002	1.7	0.4	0.3		1.3
Educational services		0.1	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)
Health care and social assistance		1.6		0.3		1.2
Ambulatory health care services	621	0.7	0.1	0.1		0.6
Hospitals	622	0.6	0.2	0.1	(⁸)	0.4
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.1	0.1	(8)	(⁸)	0.1
Leisure and hospitality		0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Accommodation and food services		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Accommodation	721	0.2	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1
Food services and drinking places	722	0.4	0.2	0.2	(⁸)	0.2
Other services (except public administration)		0.2	0.1	0.1		0.1
State and local government ⁴		1.8	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.9
State government ⁴		0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
Goods-producing ⁴		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Service providing		0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3
Trade transportation and utilities		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)
Public administration		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Public administration		0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	(⁸)

Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)	0.1	
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁸)	0.1	
Correctional institutions	92214	0.1	(8)		(8)	(⁸)	
Local government ⁴		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6	
Service providing		1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6	
Trade transportation and utilities							
Utilities		0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	
Utilities	221	0.1	(⁸)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	0.1	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	
Educational and health services		0.7	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.5	
Educational services		0.6	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.4	
Educational services	611	0.6	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.4	
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	0.6	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.4	
Health care and social assistance		(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(⁸)	
Public administration		0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.1	
Public administration		0.4	0.2	0.2	(8)	0.1	
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- ¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
- ² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.
- ³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
- ⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
- ⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.
- ⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.
- ⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.
- Bata too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication quidelines.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, Alaska, 2019

			Incide	ence rates per 10	,000 full-time wo	rkers ¹	
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including state and local government ⁴		17.7	3.0	3.2	(⁵)	2.2	9.0
Private industry ⁴		16.6	3.1	3.2	(⁵)	2.2	7.7
Goods producing⁴		31.6	5.1	5.5	(⁵)	7.9	13.0
Natural resources and mining ^{4,6}		22.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	15.7	(⁵)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		(⁵)	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		18.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	16.7	(⁵)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	236 237 238	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) (⁵)
Manufacturing		76.2	16.1	13.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	37.4
Manufacturing		76.2	16.1	13.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	37.4
Food manufacturing	311	93.3	20.7	16.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	44.4
Service providing		12.3	2.6	2.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	6.2
Trade transportation and utilities		12.1	(⁵)	3.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	4.7
Wholesale trade		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)

Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Retail trade		8.8	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Food and beverage stores Gasoline stations	445 447	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
General merchandise stores	452	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵)
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Nonstore retailers	454	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		14.2		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Air transportation	481	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Water transportation	483	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	
Truck transportation	484	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation	487 488	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Warehousing and storage	493	(⁵) (⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	() (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵)	(⁵)
Utilities		(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
		()		()		()	
Utilities	221	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Information		(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Information		(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Telecommunications	517	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Financial activities		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Finance and insurance		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Real estate and rental and leasing		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Real estate	531	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Professional and business services		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Professional, scientific, and technical services		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Management of companies and enterprises		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)

Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Administrative and support services	561	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Waste management and remediation services	562	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Educational and health services		23.1	5.3	4.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	12.6
Educational services				(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Health care and social assistance		21.3	(⁵)	4.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	13.1
Ambulatory health care services	621 622	32.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	21.1
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	623	17.1 (⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Leisure and hospitality		7.1	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Accommodation and food services		(⁵)	(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Accommodation	721		(⁵)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Food services and drinking places	722	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Other services (except public administration)		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
State and local government ⁴		23.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	15.2
State government ⁴		24.2			(⁵)		20.1
Goods producing⁴		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Service providing		24.2			(⁵)		20.1
Trade transportation and utilities		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Public administration		34.6			(⁵)		28.6
Public administration		34.6			(⁵)		28.6
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities	921 922	(⁵) 69.1	(⁵) 	(⁵) 	(⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) 	(⁵)
Local government ⁴		22.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	11.3

Service providing		22.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	11.4
Trade transportation and utilities							
Utilities		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(5)	(⁵)
Utilities	221	(⁵)					
Educational and health services		12.2	(⁵)				
Educational services		(⁵)					
Educational services	611	(⁵)					
Health care and social assistance		(⁵)					
Public administration		34.9	(⁵)				
Public administration		34.9	(⁵)				

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were

calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data too small to be displayed.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries. □

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, Alaska, 2019

(In thousands)

				Numbers of illne	sses by category		
Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including state and local government ³		0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	0.1	0.2
Private industry ³		0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.2
Goods producing ³		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Natural resources and mining ^{3,5}		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³		(⁴)	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶	212	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	236 237 238	(⁴)	(⁴) (⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) (⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) (⁴) (⁴)
Manufacturing		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Manufacturing		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Food manufacturing	311	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Service providing		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Trade transportation and utilities		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wholesale trade		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)

Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	(⁴)					
Retail trade		(⁴)	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	(⁴)					
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Food and beverage stores	445	(⁴)					
Gasoline stations	447	(⁴)					
General merchandise stores	452	(⁴)					
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(⁴)					
Nonstore retailers	454	(⁴)					
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Air transportation	481	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Water transportation	483	(⁴)					
Truck transportation	484	(⁴)					
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	(⁴)					
Support activities for transportation	488	(⁴)					
Warehousing and storage	493	(⁴)					
Utilities		(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Utilities	221	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Information		(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Information		(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Telecommunications	517	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Financial activities		(⁴)					
Finance and insurance		(⁴)					
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	(⁴)					
Real estate and rental and leasing		(⁴)					
Real estate	531	(⁴)					
Professional and business services		(⁴)					
Professional, scientific, and technical services		(⁴)					
Management of companies and enterprises		(⁴)					

Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services	561 562	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Educational and health services		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Educational services				(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Health care and social assistance		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	621 622 623	0.1 (⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) (⁴)				
Leisure and hospitality		(⁴)	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Accommodation and food services		(⁴)	(⁴)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Accommodation Food services and drinking places	721 722	 (⁴)	(⁴)	 (⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴) (⁴)	(⁴)
Other services (except public administration)		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
State and local government ³		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
State government ³		(⁴)			(⁴)		(⁴)
Goods producing ³		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Service providing		(⁴)			(⁴)		(⁴)
Trade transportation and utilities		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Public administration		(⁴)			(⁴)		(⁴)
Public administration		(⁴)			(⁴)		(⁴)
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities	921 922	(⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) 	(⁴) 	(⁴) (⁴)	(⁴) 	(⁴) (⁴)
Local government ³		0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)

Service providing		0.1	(⁴)				
Trade transportation and utilities							
Utilities		(⁴)					
Utilities	221	(⁴)					
Educational and health services		(⁴)					
Educational services		(⁴)					
Educational services	611	(⁴)					
Health care and social assistance		(⁴)					
Public administration		(⁴)					
Public administration		(⁴)					

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data too small to be displayed.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Alaska, 2019

				Percent relative stance	lard errors
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Incidence rates	Numbers
All industries including state and local government ⁴		3.4	8.6	2.8	2.4
Private industry ⁴		3.3	6.9	3.1	2.8
Goods producing ⁴		3.7	1.7	7.0	5.8
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		1.3	0.2	17.3	11.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		11.0	0.1	29.0	22.5
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		0.7	0.1	10.1	6.2
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶ Metal ore mining ⁶ Gold ore and silver ore mining ⁶	212 2122 21222	1.4 1.3 1.3	(⁸) (⁸) (⁸)	(°) (°) (°)	(°) (°) (°)
Construction		3.4	0.6	14.5	13.8
Construction		3.4	0.6	14.5	13.8
Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Building equipment contractors	236 237 2373 238 2382	3.6 1.5 2.3 4.7 5.4	0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.3 0.2	25.1 15.0 20.2 21.2 26.2	22.3
Manufacturing		6.5	0.9	6.0	5.9
Manufacturing		6.5	0.9	6.0	5.9
Food manufacturing	311	7.3	0.8	5.6	5.9
Service providing		3.3	5.2	3.5	3.2
Trade transportation and utilities		4.0	2.1	3.8	3.8
Wholesale trade		4.0	0.2	17.8	18.0

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Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	3.4	0.1	37.3	37.7
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.8	0.2	17.7	17.3
Retail trade		3.6	1.0	4.3	4.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.1	0.1	10.4	10.6
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.3	0.1	7.7	7.6
Food and beverage stores	445	2.6	0.1	6.7	6.1
Gasoline stations	447	2.3	(8)	39.1	40.8
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	0.4	2.5	2.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	2.5	(⁸)	26.0	26.2
Nonstore retailers	454	4.1	(8)	37.4	36.3
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		4.6	0.8	6.1	6.3
Air transportation	481	5.5	0.3	7.4	7.2
Water transportation	483	5.0	0.1	11.8	10.2
Truck transportation	484	6.7	0.2	19.3	20.3
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	3.5	0.1	33.4	33.7
Support activities for transportation	488	3.8	0.1	23.2	24.3
Warehousing and storage	493		(8)	22.2	18.5
Utilities		4.2	0.1	8.2	8.7
Utilities	221	4.2	0.1	8.2	8.7
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	4.7	0.1	10.4	10.8
Liectic power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	7.7	0.1	10.4	10.0
Information		1.9	0.1	7.6	7.1
Information		1.9	0.1	7.6	7.1
Telecommunications	517	1.8	0.1	5.4	5.3
Financial activities		1.5	0.2	9.7	9.6
Finance and insurance		0.7	(⁸)	17.1	17.1
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.8	(⁸)	16.7	17.0
Real estate and rental and leasing		2.9	0.1	12.2	11.6
Real estate	531	3.3	0.1	14.4	13.9
Professional and business services		1.5	0.3	20.9	20.0
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.5	0.2	36.1	33.7
1 1016531011a1, Scientific, and technical Scivices		1.3	0.2	30.1	55.7
•	. '	,	•	·	•

Management of companies and enterprises		-	(8)	14.1	13.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.7	0.2	22.7	23.5
Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services	561 562	1.7 1.5	0.1 (⁸)	26.3 19.8	27.2 19.4
Educational and health services		4.3	1.6	6.1	5.8
Educational services		3.6	0.1	50.9	40.7
Health care and social assistance		4.3	1.6	6.1	5.9
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals	621 622		0.6 0.6	0.1	14.3 0.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623		0.1	8.5	8.7
Leisure and hospitality		3.1	0.7	9.1	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		4.0	0.1	21.2	21.2
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713		0.1	23.6	23.5
Accommodation and food services		3.0	0.6	10.0	10.4
Accommodation Food services and drinking places	721 722	3.6 2.7	0.2 0.4	15.2 13.0	16.8 13.2
Other services (except public administration)		2.7	0.2	27.3	27.5
State and local government ⁴		3.9	1.7	4.9	4.6
State government ⁴		3.2	0.6	15.7	12.2
Goods producing ⁴			(8)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Service providing		3.2	0.6	15.7	12.2
Trade transportation and utilities		4.8	(8)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Public administration		4.1	0.5	14.0	13.9
Public administration		4.1	0.5	14.0	13.9
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities	921 922		(⁸) 0.1	40.5 24.1	41.1 22.2

9221				
92214	4.6	0.1	39.5	34.2
	4.4	1.0	1.5	1.5
	4.4	1.0	1.5	1.5
	3.9	(8)	1.2	0.4
221	3.9	(⁸)	1.2	0.4
2213	4.1	(8)	0.4	0.4
	4.5	0.7	1.7	1.8
	4.6	0.6	1.8	1.8
611	4.6	0.6	1.8	1.8
6111	4.6	0.6	1.8	1.8
	3.0	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
	4.4	0.3	3.1	3.3
	4.4	0.3	3.1	3.3
	92214 221 2213	92214 4.6 4.4 4.4 4.4 3.9 221 3.9 2213 4.1 4.5 4.6 611 4.6	92214 4.6 0.1 4.4 1.0 4.4 1.0 3.9 (8) 221 3.9 (8) 2213 4.1 (8) 4.5 0.7 4.6 0.6 611 4.6 0.6 611 4.6 0.6 611 3.0 (8) 4.4 0.3	92214 4.6 0.1 39.5 4.4 1.0 1.5 4.4 1.0 1.5 3.9 (8) 1.2 221 3.9 (8) 1.2 2213 4.1 (8) 0.4 4.5 0.7 1.7 4.6 0.6 1.8 611 4.6 0.6 1.8 611 4.6 0.6 1.8 611 3.0 (8) (10) 4.4 0.3 3.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:

(N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.

Table 11. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and case types, 2017-2019, Alaska

	Total recordable cases		Cases with days away from work, job t					
Industry sector ²	roda recordable cases			Total			Cases with days away fro	
	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018
All industries including state and local government ³	3.9	3.7	3.6	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.4
Private industry ³	3.8	3.6	3.5	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.3
Goods producing	3.9	4.2	4.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.6	1.6
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³		19.5	11.8		4.7	8.9		3.5
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3
Construction	2.4	4.0	3.5	1.1	1.9	1.8	0.7	1.3
Manufacturing	8.3	6.8	7.2	5.0	4.4	4.7	3.7	3.1
Service providing	3.8	3.4	3.4	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.3
Trade transportation and utilities	4.4	4.1	4.1	2.7	2.7	2.6	1.8	2.1
Wholesale trade	4.7	2.0	4.1	3.0	1.7	2.6	1.8	1.2
Retail trade	4.0	4.0	3.7	2.5	2.6	2.2	1.6	1.9
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	5.0	5.1	4.8	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.2	2.7
Utilities	4.6	3.8	4.7	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.2	1.0
Information	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.3	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.6
Financial activities	1.9	1.9	1.6	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6
Finance and insurance	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.2			
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.2	3.8	3.0	1.6	2.1	1.6	1.1	1.5
Professional and business services	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.2	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	
Management of companies and enterprises	1.8	0.7		0.8				
Administrative and support and	3.5	2.2	1.8	2.4	1.1	1.2	2.3	0.9
waste management and remediation services								
Educational and health services	4.9	4.8	4.5	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.2
Educational services	1.7		4.3			1.1		
Health care and social assistance	5.1	4.9	4.5	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.2
Leisure and hospitality	3.7	2.7	3.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.9	1.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6.8	3.8	4.1	2.0	0.9	1.9	1.4	
Accommodation and food services	3.2	2.6	3.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.9	1.1
Other services (except public administration)	3.5	2.4	2.8	2.0	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.0
Other services (except public administration)	3.5	2.4		2.0	1.3		1.4	1.0
State and local government ³	4.2	4.6	4.1	1.6	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.8
State government ³	1.7	3.4	3.5	0.7	1.8	1.9	0.6	1.4
Local government ³	5.8	5.4	4.6	2.2	2.4	1.9	1.9	2.0

¹ Incidence rates rep	resent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where
N	= number of injuries and illnesses
EH	= total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
200,000	= base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/op

3 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication quidelines.

⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect ch 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Data too small to be displayed.

work ⁶ Cases with job transfer or restriction				Other recordable cases			
2019	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	
1.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	2.0	1.9	1.8	
1.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.9	1.8	1.7	
1.8	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	
0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.6	
7.8					14.9	2.9	
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	
1.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.4	2.1	1.6	
3.6	1.3	1.2	1.1	3.4	2.5	2.5	
1.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	2.0	1.7	1.8	
1.8	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.7	1.4	1.5	
1.7	1.2	0.5	0.9	1.7	0.3	1.5	
1.5	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	
2.4	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.9	1.7	1.5	
1.3		0.8	1.0	2.9	2.1	2.5	
1.0				1.1	1.3	1.0	
0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	1.1	0.9	0.9	
				0.8	0.5	0.6	
1.2	0.5	0.6	0.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	
0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.9	
0.2			0.1	0.6	0.8	1.1	
				1.0			
0.9			0.2	1.1	1.1	0.6	
0.9	0.3	0.3	0.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	
				0.9		3.2	
0.9	0.3	0.4	0.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	
1.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	2.4	1.5	1.6	
1.7	0.6			4.7	3.0	2.1	
1.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	2.1	1.3	1.6	
1.3	0.6	0.3		1.5	1.1	0.9	
	0.6	0.3		1.5	1.1		
1.5	0.2	0.4	0.5	2.6	2.4	2.2	
1.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.6	
1.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	3.6	3.1	2.7	

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gas extraction and re anges the Occupatior	lated support activities. Do al Safety and Health Adm	ata for mining operators inistration made to its re	in coal, metal, and nonmeta cordkeeping requirements e	mining are fective January